CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5244

Chapter 143, Laws of 2007

60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

DEFICIT REDUCTION ACT

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/22/07

Passed by the Senate March 8, 2007 YEAS 49 NAYS 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 9, 2007 YEAS 93 NAYS 5

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved April 20, 2007, 2:30 p.m.

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5244** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

THOMAS HOEMANN

Secretary

FILED

April 20, 2007

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5244

Passed Legislature - 2007 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Stevens and Brandland; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

60th Legislature

2007 Regular Session

READ FIRST TIME 02/23/07.

State of Washington

- 1 AN ACT Relating to implementation of the deficit reduction act;
- 2 amending RCW 26.18.170, 26.23.035, 26.23.050, 26.23.110, 74.20.040,
- 3 74.20.330, 74.20A.030, and 74.20A.055; and reenacting and amending RCW
- 4 74.20A.056.

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- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 26.18.170 and 2000 c 86 s 2 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
 - (1) Whenever ((an obligor)) a parent who has been ordered to provide health insurance coverage for a dependent child fails to provide such coverage or lets it lapse, the department or ((the obligee)) a parent may seek enforcement of the coverage order as provided under this section.
- 13 Ιf the ((obligor)) parent's order to provide health (2)(a) 14 insurance coverage contains language notifying the ((obligor)) parent 15 that failure to provide such coverage or proof that such coverage is 16 unavailable may result in direct enforcement of the order and orders payments through, or has been submitted to, the Washington state 17 support registry for enforcement, then the department may, without 18 19 further notice to the ((obligor)) parent, send a ((notice of

- 1 <u>enrollment</u>)) <u>national medical support notice pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec.</u>
- 2 666(a)(19), and sections 401 (e) and (f) of the federal child support
- 3 and performance incentive act of 1998 to the ((obligor's)) parent's
 - employer or union. The notice shall be served:
- 5 (i) By regular mail;

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- 6 (ii) In the manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a 7 civil action;
 - (iii) By certified mail, return receipt requested; or
- 9 (iv) By electronic means if there is an agreement between the 10 secretary of the department and the person, firm, corporation, 11 association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, 12 subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States to accept service 13 by electronic means.
- 14 (b) The notice shall require the employer or union to enroll the 15 child in the health insurance plan as provided in subsection (3) of 16 this section.
 - (c) The returned ((answer)) part A of the national medical support notice to the division of child support by the employer constitutes proof of service of the notice ((of enrollment)) in the case where the notice was served by regular mail.
 - (d) ((The division of child support may use uniform interstate forms adopted by the United States department of health and human services to take insurance enrollment actions under this section.
 - (e))) If the ((obligor)) parent's order to provide health insurance coverage does not order payments through, and has not been submitted to, the Washington state support registry for enforcement:
 - (i) The ((obligee)) parent seeking enforcement may, without further notice to the ((obligor)) other parent, send a certified copy of the order requiring health insurance coverage to the obligor's employer or union by certified mail, return receipt requested; and
 - (ii) The ((obligee)) parent seeking enforcement shall attach a notarized statement to the order declaring that the order is the latest order addressing coverage entered by the court and require the employer or union to enroll the child in the health insurance plan as provided in subsection (3) of this section.
- 36 (3) Upon receipt of an order that provides for health insurance coverage((, or a notice of enrollment)):

- 1 (a) The ((obligor's)) parent's employer or union shall answer the 2 party who sent the order ((or notice)) within twenty days and confirm 3 that the child:
 - (i) Has been enrolled in the health insurance plan;
 - (ii) Will be enrolled; or

- 6 (iii) Cannot be covered, stating the reasons why such coverage 7 cannot be provided;
 - (b) The employer or union shall withhold any required premium from the ((obligor's)) parent's income or wages;
 - (c) If more than one plan is offered by the employer or union, and each plan may be extended to cover the child, then the child shall be enrolled in the ((obligor's)) parent's plan. If the ((obligor's)) parent's plan does not provide coverage which is accessible to the child, the child shall be enrolled in the least expensive plan otherwise available to the ((obligor)) parent;
 - (d) The employer or union shall provide information about the name of the health insurance coverage provider or issuer and the extent of coverage available to the ((obligee or the department)) parent and shall make available any necessary claim forms or enrollment membership cards.
 - (4) <u>Upon receipt of a national medical support notice from a child support agency operating under Title IV-D of the federal social security act:</u>
 - (a) The parent's employer or union shall comply with the provisions of the notice, including meeting response time frames and withholding requirements required under part A of the notice;
 - (b) The parent's employer or union shall also be responsible for complying with forwarding part B of the notice to the child's plan administrator, if required by the notice;
- 30 (c) The plan administrator shall be responsible for complying with the provisions of the notice.
 - (5) If the order for coverage contains no language notifying ((the obligor)) either or both parents that failure to provide health insurance coverage or proof that such coverage is unavailable may result in direct enforcement of the order, the department or the ((obligee)) parent seeking enforcement may serve a written notice of intent to enforce the order on the ((obligor)) other parent by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service. If

- the ((obligor)) parent required to provide medical support fails to provide written proof that such coverage has been obtained or applied for or fails to provide proof that such coverage is unavailable within twenty days of service of the notice, the department or the ((obligee)) parent seeking enforcement may proceed to enforce the order directly as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
- (((5))) (6) If the ((obligor)) parent ordered to provide health insurance coverage elects to provide coverage that will not be accessible to the child because of geographic or other limitations when accessible coverage is otherwise available, the department or the ((obligee)) parent seeking enforcement may serve a written notice of intent to purchase health insurance coverage on the ((obligor)) parent required to provide medical support by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall also specify the type and cost of coverage.
- (((6))) <u>(7)</u> If the department serves a notice under subsection (((5))) <u>(6)</u> of this section the ((bligor)) parent required to provide medical support shall, within twenty days of the date of service:
 - (a) File an application for an adjudicative proceeding; or
- (b) Provide written proof to the department that the ((obligor)) parent has either applied for, or obtained, coverage accessible to the child.
- (((7))) (8) If the ((obligee)) parent seeking enforcement serves a notice under subsection (((5))) (6) of this section, within twenty days of the date of service the ((obligor)) parent required to provide medical support shall provide written proof to the ((obligee)) parent seeking enforcement that the ((obligor)) parent required to provide medical support has either applied for, or obtained, coverage accessible to the child.
- (((8))) (9) If the ((obligor)) parent required to provide medical support fails to respond to a notice served under subsection (((5))) (6) of this section to the party who served the notice, the party who served the notice may purchase the health insurance coverage specified in the notice directly. The amount of the monthly premium shall be added to the support debt and be collectible without further notice. The amount of the monthly premium may be collected or accrued until the ((obligor)) parent required to provide medical support provides proof of the required coverage.

 $((\frac{9}{}))$ The signature of the $(\frac{\text{obligee}}{})$ parent seeking 1 2 <u>enforcement</u> or of a department employee shall be a valid authorization to the coverage provider or issuer for purposes of processing a payment 3 to the child's health services provider. An order for health insurance 4 5 coverage shall operate as an assignment of all benefit rights to the ((obligee)) <u>parent seeking enforcement</u> or to the child's health 6 7 services provider, and in any claim against the coverage provider or issuer, the ((obligee)) <u>parent seeking enforcement</u> or ((the obligee's)) 8 his or her assignee shall be subrogated to the rights of the 9 ((obligor)) parent obligated to provide medical support for the child. 10 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section regarding assignment of 11 12 benefits, this section shall not require a health care service 13 contractor authorized under chapter 48.44 RCW or a health maintenance 14 organization authorized under chapter 48.46 RCW to deviate from their contractual provisions and restrictions regarding reimbursement for 15 covered services. If the coverage is terminated, the employer shall 16 17 mail a notice of termination to the department or the ((obligee)) parent seeking enforcement at ((the obligee's)) that parent's last 18 known address within thirty days of the termination date. 19

(((10))) (11) This section shall not be construed to limit the right of the $((obligor\ or\ the\ obligee))$ parents or parties to the support order to bring an action in superior court at any time to enforce, modify, or clarify the original support order.

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 $((\frac{11}{11}))$ (12) Where a child does not reside in the issuer's service area, an issuer shall cover no less than urgent and emergent care. Where the issuer offers broader coverage, whether by policy or reciprocal agreement, the issuer shall provide such coverage to any child otherwise covered that does not reside in the issuer's service area.

(((12))) (13) If ((an obligor)) a parent required to provide
medical support fails to pay his or her portion, determined under RCW
26.19.080, of any deductible ((required under the health insurance
coverage or fails to pay his or her portion of medical expenses
incurred in excess of the coverage provided under the plan)), copay, or
uninsured medical expense incurred on behalf of the child, pursuant to
a child support order, the department or the obligee parent may enforce
collection of ((the obligor's)) that parent's portion of the deductible
((or the additional medical expenses through a wage assignment order)),

- 1 copay, or uninsured medical expense incurred on behalf of the child.
- 2 ((The amount of)) If the department is enforcing the order, the parent
- 3 required to provide medical support shall have his or her portion of
- 4 <u>the</u> deductible ((or additional)), copay, or uninsured medical expenses
- 5 ((shall be)) incurred on behalf of the child added to the support debt
- 6 and be collectible without further notice ((if the obligor's share of
- 7 the amount of the deductible or additional expenses is reduced to a sum
- 8 certain in a court order)), following the reduction of the expenses to
- 9 <u>a sum certain either in a court order or by the department, pursuant to</u>
- 10 RCW 26.23.110.
- 11 (14) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules
- 12 <u>consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as</u>
- 13 amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005.
- 14 Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement
- regulations required under parts 45 C.F.R. 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- 16 **Sec. 2.** RCW 26.23.035 and 1997 c 58 s 933 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
- 18 (1) The department of social and health services shall adopt rules 19 for the distribution of support money collected by the division of
- 20 child support. These rules shall:
- 21 (a) Comply with Title IV-D of the federal social security act as 22 amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity
- 23 reconciliation act of 1996 <u>and the federal deficit reduction act of</u>
- 24 <u>2005</u>;
- 25 (b) Direct the division of child support to distribute support
- 26 money within eight days of receipt, unless one of the following
- 27 circumstances, or similar circumstances specified in the rules,
- 28 prevents prompt distribution:
- 29 (i) The location of the custodial parent is unknown;
- 30 (ii) The support debt is in litigation;
- 31 (iii) The division of child support cannot identify the responsible
- 32 parent or the custodian;
- 33 (c) Provide for proportionate distribution of support payments if
- 34 the responsible parent owes a support obligation or a support debt for
- 35 two or more Title IV-D cases; and
- 36 (d) Authorize the distribution of support money, except money

collected under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 664, to satisfy a support debt owed to the IV-D custodian before the debt owed to the state when the custodian stops receiving a public assistance grant.

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- (2) The division of child support may distribute support payments to the payee under the support order or to another person who has lawful physical custody of the child or custody with the payee's consent. The payee may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to challenge distribution to such other person. Prior to distributing support payments to any person other than the payee, the registry shall:
- (a) Obtain a written statement from the child's physical custodian, under penalty of perjury, that the custodian has lawful custody of the child or custody with the payee's consent;
- (b) Mail to the responsible parent and to the payee at the payee's last known address a copy of the physical custodian's statement and a notice which states that support payments will be sent to the physical custodian; and
- (c) File a copy of the notice with the clerk of the court that entered the original support order.
- (3) If the Washington state support registry distributes a support payment to a person in error, the registry may obtain restitution by means of a set-off against future payments received on behalf of the person receiving the erroneous payment, or may act according to RCW 74.20A.270 as deemed appropriate. Any set-off against future support payments shall be limited to amounts collected on the support debt and ten percent of amounts collected as current support.
- (4) The division of child support shall ensure that the fifty dollar pass through payment, as required by 42 U.S.C. Sec. 657 before the adoption of P.L. 104-193, is terminated immediately upon July 27, 1997, and all rules to the contrary adopted before July 27, 1997, are without force and effect.
- (5) Effective October 1, 2008, consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 657(a) as amended by section 7301(b)(7)(B) of the federal deficit reduction act of 2005, the department shall pass through child support that does not exceed one hundred dollars per month collected on behalf of a family, or in the case of a family that includes two or more children, an amount that is not more than two hundred dollars per

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month. The department has rule-making authority to implement this

2 <u>subsection</u>.

Sec. 3. RCW 26.23.050 and 2001 c 42 s 3 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

- (1) If the division of child support is providing support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, or if a party is applying for support enforcement services by signing the application form on the bottom of the support order, the superior court shall include in all court orders that establish or modify a support obligation:
- (a) A provision that orders and directs the responsible parent to make all support payments to the Washington state support registry;
- (b) A statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:
- (i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or
- (ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement;
- (c) A statement that the receiving parent might be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child; and
- (d) A statement that the responsible parent's privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in RCW 74.20A.320, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as provided in RCW 74.20A.320.

As used in this subsection and subsection (3) of this section, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" means a written determination of why implementing immediate wage withholding would not be in the child's best interests and, in modification cases, proof of timely payment of previously ordered support.

(2) In all other cases not under subsection (1) of this section, the court may order the responsible parent to make payments directly to the person entitled to receive the payments, to the Washington state

support registry, or may order that payments be made in accordance with an alternate arrangement agreed upon by the parties.

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- (a) The superior court shall include in all orders under this subsection that establish or modify a support obligation:
- (i) A statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:
- (A) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or
- (B) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement; and
- (ii) A statement that the receiving parent may be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child.

As used in this subsection, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" is any reason that the court finds appropriate.

- (b) The superior court may order immediate or delayed income withholding as follows:
- (i) Immediate income withholding may be ordered if the responsible parent has earnings. If immediate income withholding is ordered under this subsection, all support payments shall be paid to the Washington state support registry. The superior court shall issue a mandatory wage assignment order as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW when the support order is signed by the court. The parent entitled to receive the transfer payment is responsible for serving the employer with the order and for its enforcement as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW.
- (ii) If immediate income withholding is not ordered, the court shall require that income withholding be delayed until a payment is past due. The support order shall contain a statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent, after a payment is past due.
- 37 (c) If a mandatory wage withholding order under chapter 26.18 RCW 38 is issued under this subsection and the division of child support

- provides support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, the existing wage withholding assignment is prospectively superseded upon the division of child support's subsequent service of an income withholding notice.
 - (3) The office of administrative hearings and the department of social and health services shall require that all support obligations established as administrative orders include a provision which orders and directs that the responsible parent shall make all support payments to the Washington state support registry. All administrative orders shall also state that the responsible parent's privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in RCW 74.20A.320, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as provided in RCW 74.20A.320. All administrative orders shall also state that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the order, unless:
 - (a) One of the parties demonstrates, and the presiding officer finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or
 - (b) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the presiding officer that provides for an alternate agreement.
 - (4) If the support order does not include the provision ordering and directing that all payments be made to the Washington state support registry and a statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits if a support payment is past due or at any time after the entry of the order, or that a parent's licensing privileges may not be renewed, or may be suspended, the division of child support may serve a notice on the responsible parent stating such requirements and authorizations. Service may be by personal service or any form of mail requiring a return receipt.
 - (5) Every support order shall state:
 - (a) The address where the support payment is to be sent;
- 35 (b) That withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, 36 assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal 37 property under the child support statutes of this or any other state,

without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of a support order, unless:

- (i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or
- (ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement;
- (c) The income of the parties, if known, or that their income is unknown and the income upon which the support award is based;
 - (d) The support award as a sum certain amount;

- (e) The specific day or date on which the support payment is due;
- (f) The names and ages of the dependent children;
- (g) A provision requiring <u>both</u> the responsible parent <u>and the custodial parent</u> to keep the Washington state support registry informed of whether he or she has access to health insurance coverage at reasonable cost and, if so, the health insurance policy information;
- (h) That ((any parent owing a duty of child support)) either or both the responsible parent and the custodial parent shall be obligated to provide health insurance coverage for his or her child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to ((that)) the parent through employment or is union-related as provided under RCW 26.09.105;
- (i) That if proof of health insurance coverage or proof that the coverage is unavailable is not provided within twenty days, the ((obligee)) parent seeking enforcement or the department may seek direct enforcement of the coverage through the ((obligor's)) employer or union of the parent required to provide medical support without further notice to the ((obligor)) parent as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW;
- 29 (j) The reasons for not ordering health insurance coverage if the 30 order fails to require such coverage;
 - (k) That the responsible parent's privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in RCW 74.20A.320, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as provided in RCW 74.20A.320;
 - (1) That each parent must:
- 36 (i) Promptly file with the court and update as necessary the 37 confidential information form required by subsection (7) of this 38 section; and

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- (ii) Provide the state case registry and update as necessary the information required by subsection (7) of this section; and
- (m) That parties to administrative support orders shall provide to the state case registry and update as necessary their residential addresses and the address of the responsible parent's employer. division of child support may adopt rules that govern the collection of parties' current residence and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, social security numbers, the names of the children, social security numbers of the children, dates of birth of the children, driver's license numbers, and the names, addresses, and the parties' employers telephone numbers of to enforce administrative support order. The division of child support shall not release this information if the division of child support determines that there is reason to believe that release of the information may result in physical or emotional harm to the party or to the child, or a restraining order or protective order is in effect to protect one party from the other party.
- (6) After the responsible parent has been ordered or notified to make payments to the Washington state support registry under this section, the responsible parent shall be fully responsible for making all payments to the Washington state support registry and shall be subject to payroll deduction or other income-withholding action. The responsible parent shall not be entitled to credit against a support obligation for any payments made to a person or agency other than to the Washington state support registry except as provided under RCW 74.20.101. A civil action may be brought by the payor to recover payments made to persons or agencies who have received and retained support moneys paid contrary to the provisions of this section.
- (7) All petitioners and parties to all court actions under chapters 26.09, 26.10, 26.12, 26.18, ((26.21)) 26.21A, 26.23, 26.26, and 26.27 RCW shall complete to the best of their knowledge a verified and signed confidential information form or equivalent that provides the parties' current residence and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, social security numbers, driver's license numbers, and the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the parties' employers. The clerk of the court shall not accept petitions, except in parentage actions initiated by the state, orders of child support, decrees of dissolution, or paternity orders for filing in such actions unless

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- accompanied by the confidential information form or equivalent, or 1 2 unless the confidential information form or equivalent is already on file with the court clerk. In lieu of or in addition to requiring the 3 parties to complete a separate confidential information form, the clerk 4 may collect the information in electronic form. The clerk of the court 5 shall transmit the confidential information form or its data to the 6 7 division of child support with a copy of the order of child support or paternity order, and may provide copies of the confidential information 8 form or its data and any related findings, decrees, parenting plans, 9 10 orders, or other documents to the state administrative agency that administers Title IV-A, IV-D, ((or)) IV-E, or XIX of the federal social 11 12 In state initiated paternity actions, the parties 13 adjudicated the parents of the child or children shall complete the 14 confidential information form or equivalent or the state's attorney of record may complete that form to the best of the attorney's knowledge. 15
- 16 (8) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules
 17 consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as
 18 amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005.
 19 Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement
 20 regulations required under parts 45 C.F.R. 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- 21 **Sec. 4.** RCW 26.23.110 and 1993 c 12 s 1 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

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- (1) The department may serve a notice of support owed on a responsible parent when a support order:
 - (a) Does not state the current and future support obligation as a fixed dollar amount; $((\frac{or}{}))$
 - (b) Contains an escalation clause or adjustment provision for which additional information not contained in the support order is needed to determine the fixed dollar amount of the support debt or the fixed dollar amount of the current and future support obligation, or both; or
- (c) Provides that the responsible parent is responsible for paying for a portion of uninsured medical costs, copayments, and/or deductibles incurred on behalf of the child, but does not reduce the costs to a fixed dollar amount.
- 35 (2) The department may serve a notice of support owed on a parent 36 who has been designated to pay per a support order a portion of

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uninsured medical costs, copayments, or deductibles incurred on behalf of the child, but only when the support order does not reduce the costs to a fixed dollar amount.

- (3) The notice of support owed shall facilitate enforcement of the support order and implement and effectuate the terms of the support order, rather than modify those terms. When the office of support enforcement issues a notice of support owed, the office shall inform the payee under the support order.
- $((\frac{3}{2}))$ (4) The notice of support owed shall be served on a responsible parent by personal service or any form of mailing requiring a return receipt. The notice shall be served on the applicant or recipient of services by first class mail to the last known address. The notice of support owed shall contain an initial finding of the fixed dollar amount of current and future support obligation that should be paid or the fixed dollar amount of the support debt owed under the support order, or both.
- ((4))) (5) A ((responsible)) parent who objects to the fixed dollar amounts stated in the notice of support owed has twenty days from the date of the service of the notice of support owed to file an application for an adjudicative proceeding or initiate an action in superior court.
- $((\frac{5}{1}))$ <u>(6)</u> The notice of support owed shall state that the $(\frac{5}{1})$ parent may:
 - (a) File an application for an adjudicative proceeding governed by chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act, in which the ((responsible)) parent will be required to appear and show cause why the fixed dollar amount of support debt or current and future support obligation, or both, stated in the notice of support owed is incorrect and should not be ordered; or
 - (b) Initiate an action in superior court.
 - ((+6))) (7) If ((+6)) either parent does not file an application for an adjudicative proceeding or initiate an action in superior court, the fixed dollar amount of current and future support obligation or support debt, or both, stated in the notice of support owed shall become final and subject to collection action.
- $((\frac{7}{}))$ (8) If an adjudicative proceeding is requested, the department shall mail a copy of the notice of adjudicative proceeding to the ((payee under the support order at the payee's last known

address. A payee who appears for the adjudicative proceeding is entitled to participate. Participation includes, but is not limited to, giving testimony, presenting evidence, being present for or listening to other testimony offered in the adjudicative proceeding, and offering rebuttal to other testimony. Nothing in this section shall preclude the administrative law judge from limiting participation to preserve the confidentiality of information protected by law)) parties.

- ((\(\frac{(\fin)}}}}}}}}}}}}}}})\frac{\frac{\frac{\fitititat{(\frac{(\fir)}}}}}}}}}}}}}})\frac{\frac{\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\fir)}}}}}}}}}}})\frac{\frac{\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\fir)}}}}}}}}}}}})\frac{\frac{\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\fir)}}}}}}}}}}}})\frac{\frac{\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\frac{(\
- ((+9)) (10) An adjudicative order entered in accordance with this section shall state the basis, rationale, or formula upon which the fixed dollar amounts established in the adjudicative order were based. The fixed dollar amount of current and future support obligation or the amount of the support debt, or both, determined under this section shall be subject to collection under this chapter and other applicable state statutes.
 - (((10))) (11) The department shall also provide for:
- (a) An annual review of the support order if either the office of support enforcement or the ((responsible)) parent requests such a review; and
- (b) A late adjudicative proceeding if the ((responsible)) parent fails to file an application for an adjudicative proceeding in a timely manner under this section.
- ((\(\frac{(11)}{11}\))) (12) If an annual review or late adjudicative proceeding is requested under subsection ((\(\frac{(10)}{10}\))) (11) of this section, the department shall mail a copy of the notice of adjudicative proceeding to the ((\(\frac{payee}{at}\) the payee's)) parties' last known address. ((\(\frac{A}{payee}\) who appears for the adjudicative proceeding is entitled to participate. Participation includes, but is not limited to, giving testimony, presenting evidence, being present for or listening to other testimony offered in the adjudicative proceeding, and offering rebuttal to other

testimony. The administrative law judge may limit participation to
preserve the confidentiality of information protected by law.))

- (13) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005. Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement regulations required under parts 45 C.F.R. 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 74.20.040 and 1997 c 58 s 891 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
 - (1) Whenever the department receives an application for public assistance on behalf of a child, the department shall take appropriate action under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 74.20A RCW, or other appropriate statutes of this state to establish or enforce support obligations against the parent or other persons owing a duty to pay support moneys.
 - (2) The secretary may accept a request for support enforcement services on behalf of persons who are not recipients of public assistance and may take appropriate action to establish or enforce support obligations against the parent or other persons owing a duty to pay moneys. Requests accepted under this subsection may be conditioned upon the payment of a fee as required by subsection (6) of this section or through regulation issued by the secretary. The secretary may establish by regulation, reasonable standards and qualifications for support enforcement services under this subsection.
 - (3) The secretary may accept requests for support enforcement services from child support enforcement agencies in other states operating child support programs under Title IV-D of the social security act or from foreign countries, and may take appropriate action to establish and enforce support obligations, or to enforce subpoenas, information requests, orders for genetic testing, and collection actions issued by the other agency against the parent or other person owing a duty to pay support moneys, the parent or other person's employer, or any other person or entity properly subject to child support collection or information-gathering processes. The request shall contain and be accompanied by such information and documentation as the secretary may by rule require, and be signed by an authorized

representative of the agency. The secretary may adopt rules setting forth the duration and nature of services provided under this subsection.

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- (4) The department may take action to establish, enforce, and collect a support obligation, including performing related services, under this chapter and chapter 74.20A RCW, or through the attorney general or prosecuting attorney for action under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.20, ((26.21)) 26.21A, or 26.26 RCW or other appropriate statutes or the common law of this state.
- (5) Whenever a support order is filed with the Washington state support registry under chapter 26.23 RCW, the department may take appropriate action under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 26.23 or 74.20A RCW, or other appropriate law of this state to establish or enforce the support obligations contained in that order against the responsible parent or other persons owing a duty to pay support moneys.
- (6) The secretary ((may charge and collect a fee from the person obligated to pay support to compensate the department for services rendered in establishment of or enforcement of support obligations. This fee shall be limited to not more than ten percent of any support money collected as a result of action taken by the secretary. The fee charged shall be in addition to the support obligation. In no event may any moneys collected by the department from the person obligated to pay support be retained as satisfaction of fees charged until all current support obligations have been satisfied. The secretary shall by regulation establish reasonable fees for support enforcement services and said schedule of fees shall be made available to any person obligated to pay support)), in the case of an individual who has never received assistance under a state program funded under part A and for whom the state has collected at least five hundred dollars of support, shall impose an annual fee of twenty-five dollars for each case in which services are furnished, which shall be retained by the state from support collected on behalf of the individual, but not from the first five hundred dollars of support. The secretary may, on showing of necessity, waive or defer any such fee or cost.
- (7) Fees, due and owing, may be <u>retained from support payments</u> <u>directly or collected as delinquent support moneys utilizing any of the remedies in chapter 74.20 RCW, chapter 74.20A RCW, chapter ((26.21)) <u>26.21A RCW</u>, or any other remedy at law or equity available to the</u>

department or any agencies with whom it has a cooperative or contractual arrangement to establish, enforce, or collect support moneys or support obligations.

- (8) The secretary may waive the fee, or any portion thereof, as a part of a compromise of disputed claims or may grant partial or total charge off of said fee if the secretary finds there are no available, practical, or lawful means by which said fee may be collected or to facilitate payment of the amount of delinquent support moneys or fees owed.
- (9) The secretary shall adopt rules conforming to federal laws, including but not limited to complying with section 7310 of the federal deficit reduction act of 2005, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 654, and rules((τ)) and regulations required to be observed in maintaining the state child support enforcement program required under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The adoption of these rules shall be calculated to promote the cost-effective use of the agency's resources and not otherwise cause the agency to divert its resources from its essential functions.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 74.20.330 and 2000 c 86 s 6 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
 - (1) Whenever public assistance is paid under a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, and the federal deficit reduction act of 2005, each applicant or recipient is deemed to have made assignment to the department of any rights to a support obligation from any other person the applicant or recipient may have in his or her own behalf or in behalf of any other family member for whom the applicant or recipient is applying for or receiving public assistance, including any unpaid support obligation or support debt which has accrued at the time the assignment is made.
 - (2) Payment of public assistance under a state-funded program, or a program funded under Title IV-A $((\Theta r))$, IV-E, or XIX of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 shall:
 - (a) Operate as an assignment by operation of law; and
- 36 (b) Constitute an authorization to the department to provide the 37 assistance recipient with support enforcement services.

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(3) Effective October 1, 2008, whenever public assistance is paid under a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, and the federal deficit reduction act of 2005, a member of the family is deemed to have made an assignment to the state any right the family member may have, or on behalf of the family member receiving such assistance, to support from any other person, not exceeding the total amount of assistance paid to the family, which accrues during the period that the family receives assistance under the program.

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- **Sec. 7.** RCW 74.20A.030 and 2004 c 183 s 5 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
 - dependent child or children or person having the care, custody, and control of said child or children, if public assistance money is paid to or for the benefit of the child, or for the care and maintenance of a child, including a child with a developmental disability if the child has been placed into care as a result of an action under chapter 13.34 RCW, under a state-funded program, or a program funded under Title IV-A or IV-E of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, and the federal deficit reduction act of 2005, to prosecute or maintain any support action or execute any administrative remedy existing under the laws of the state of Washington to obtain reimbursement of moneys expended, based on the support obligation of the responsible parent established by a child support order. Distribution of any support moneys shall be made in accordance with RCW 26.23.035.
 - (2) The department may initiate, continue, maintain, or execute an action to establish, enforce, and collect a support obligation, including establishing paternity and performing related services, under this chapter and chapter 74.20 RCW, or through the attorney general or prosecuting attorney under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.20, ((26.21)) 26.21A, 26.23, or 26.26 RCW or other appropriate statutes or the common law of this state, for so long as and under such conditions as the department may establish by regulation.
- 36 (3) Public assistance moneys shall be exempt from collection action 37 under this chapter except as provided in RCW 74.20A.270.

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- (4) No collection action shall be taken against parents of children eligible for admission to, or children who have been discharged from, a residential habilitation center as defined by RCW 71A.10.020(8) unless the child with a developmental disability is placed as a result of an action under chapter 13.34 RCW. The child support obligation shall be calculated pursuant to chapter 26.19 RCW.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 74.20A.055 and 2002 c 199 s 5 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
 - (1) The secretary may, if there is no order that establishes the responsible parent's support obligation or specifically relieves the responsible parent of a support obligation or pursuant to an establishment of paternity under chapter 26.26 RCW, serve on the responsible parent or parents and custodial parent a notice and finding of financial responsibility requiring the parents to appear and show cause in an adjudicative proceeding why the finding of responsibility and/or the amount thereof is incorrect, should not be finally ordered, but should be rescinded or modified. This notice and finding shall relate to the support debt accrued and/or accruing under this chapter and/or RCW 26.16.205, including periodic payments to be made in the future. The hearing shall be held pursuant to this section, chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, and the rules of the department. A custodian who has physical custody of a child has the same rights that a custodial parent has under this section.
 - (2) The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall be served in the same manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or may be served on the responsible parent by certified mail, return receipt requested. The receipt shall be prima facie evidence of service. The notice shall be served upon the debtor within sixty days from the date the state assumes responsibility for the support of the dependent child or children on whose behalf support is sought. If the notice is not served within sixty days from such date, the department shall lose the right to reimbursement of payments made after the sixty-day period and before the date of notification: PROVIDED, That if the department exercises reasonable efforts to locate the debtor and is unable to do so the entire sixty-day period is tolled until such time as the debtor can be located. The notice may be served upon the custodial parent who is the nonassistance applicant or public

assistance recipient by first class mail to the last known address. If the custodial parent is not the nonassistance applicant or public assistance recipient, service shall be in the same manner as for the responsible parent.

- (3) The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall set forth the amount the department has determined the responsible parent owes, the support debt accrued and/or accruing, and periodic payments to be made in the future. The notice and finding shall also include:
- (a) A statement of the name of the custodial parent and the name of the child or children for whom support is sought;
- (b) A statement of the amount of periodic future support payments as to which financial responsibility is alleged;
- (c) A statement that the responsible parent or custodial parent may object to all or any part of the notice and finding, and file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to show cause why the terms set forth in the notice should not be ordered;
- (d) A statement that, if neither the responsible parent nor the custodial parent files in a timely fashion an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the support debt and payments stated in the notice and finding, including periodic support payments in the future, shall be assessed and determined and ordered by the department and that this debt and amounts due under the notice shall be subject to collection action;
- (e) A statement that the property of the debtor, without further advance notice or hearing, will be subject to lien and foreclosure, distraint, seizure and sale, order to withhold and deliver, notice of payroll deduction or other collection action to satisfy the debt and enforce the support obligation established under the notice;
- (f) A statement that either or both parents are responsible for providing health insurance for his or her child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to the parent through employment or is union-related as provided under RCW 26.09.105.
- (4) A responsible parent or custodial parent who objects to the notice and finding of financial responsibility may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of the date of service of the notice or thereafter as provided under this subsection.
- (a) If the responsible parent or custodial parent files the application within twenty days, the office of administrative hearings

- shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parent's or parents' objection and determine the support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application stays collection action pending the entry of a final administrative order;
 - (b) If both the responsible parent and the custodial parent fail to file an application within twenty days, the notice and finding shall become a final administrative order. The amounts for current and future support and the support debt stated in the notice are final and subject to collection, except as provided under (c) and (d) of this subsection;
 - (c) If the responsible parent or custodial parent files the application more than twenty days after, but within one year of the date of service, the office of administrative hearings shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parent's or parents' objection and determine the support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application does not stay further collection action, pending the entry of a final administrative order, and does not affect any prior collection action;
 - (d) If the responsible parent or custodial parent files the application more than one year after the date of service, the office of administrative hearings shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding at which the parent who requested the late hearing must show good cause for failure to file a timely application. The filing of the application does not stay future collection action and does not affect prior collection action:
 - (i) If the presiding officer finds that good cause exists, the presiding officer shall proceed to hear the parent's objection to the notice and determine the support obligation;
 - (ii) If the presiding officer finds that good cause does not exist, the presiding officer shall treat the application as a petition for prospective modification of the amount for current and future support established under the notice and finding. In the modification proceeding, the presiding officer shall set current and future support under chapter 26.19 RCW. The petitioning parent need show neither good cause nor a substantial change of circumstances to justify modification of current and future support;

(e) If the responsible parent's support obligation was based upon imputed median net income, the grant standard, or the family need standard, the division of child support may file an application for adjudicative proceeding more than twenty days after the date of service of the notice. The office of administrative hearings shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding and provide notice of the hearing to the responsible parent and the custodial parent. The presiding officer shall determine the support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice, based upon credible evidence presented by the division of child support, the responsible parent, or the custodial parent, or may determine that the support obligation set forth in the notice is The division of child support demonstrates good cause by showing that the responsible parent's support obligation was based upon imputed median net income, the grant standard, or the family need The filing of the application by the division of child support does not stay further collection action, pending the entry of a final administrative order, and does not affect any prior collection action.

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- (f) The department shall retain and/or shall not refund support money collected more than twenty days after the date of service of the notice. Money withheld as the result of collection action shall be delivered to the department. The department shall distribute such money, as provided in published rules.
- (5) If an application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed, the presiding or reviewing officer shall determine the past liability and responsibility, if any, of the alleged responsible parent and shall also determine the amount of periodic payments to be made in the future, which amount is not limited by the amount of any public assistance payment made to or for the benefit of the child. If deviating from the child support schedule in making these determinations, the presiding or reviewing officer shall apply the standards contained in the child support schedule and enter written findings of fact supporting the deviation.
- (6) If either the responsible parent or the custodial parent fails to attend or participate in the hearing or other stage of an adjudicative proceeding, upon a showing of valid service, the presiding officer shall enter an order of default against each party who did not appear and may enter an administrative order declaring the support debt

- and payment provisions stated in the notice and finding of financial responsibility to be assessed and determined and subject to collection The parties who appear may enter an agreed settlement or consent order, which may be different than the terms department's notice. Any party who appears may choose to proceed to the hearing, after the conclusion of which the presiding officer or reviewing officer may enter an order that is different than the terms stated in the notice, if the obligation is supported by credible evidence presented by any party at the hearing.
 - (7) The final administrative order establishing liability and/or future periodic support payments shall be superseded upon entry of a superior court order for support to the extent the superior court order is inconsistent with the administrative order.
 - (8) Debts determined pursuant to this section, accrued and not paid, are subject to collection action under this chapter without further necessity of action by a presiding or reviewing officer.
- 17 (9) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules
 18 consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as
 19 amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005.
 20 Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement
 21 regulations required under parts 45 C.F.R. 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 74.20A.056 and 2002 c 302 s 707 and 2002 c 199 s 6 are 23 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) If an alleged father has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity which has been filed with the state registrar of vital statistics before July 1, 1997, the division of child support may serve a notice and finding of parental responsibility on him and the custodial parent. Procedures for and responsibility resulting from acknowledgments filed after July 1, 1997, are in subsections (8) and (9) of this section. Service of the notice shall be in the same manner as a summons in a civil action or by certified mail, return receipt requested, on the alleged father. The custodial parent shall be served by first class mail to the last known address. If the custodial parent is not the nonassistance applicant or public assistance recipient, service shall be in the same manner as for the responsible parent. The notice shall have attached to it a copy of the affidavit or

certification of birth record information advising of the existence of a filed affidavit, provided by the state registrar of vital statistics, and shall state that:

- (a) <u>Either or both parents are responsible for providing health</u> insurance for their child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to the parent through employment or is union-related as provided under RCW 26.09.105;
- (b) The alleged father or custodial parent may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding at which they both will be required to appear and show cause why the amount stated in the ((finding of financial responsibility)) notice as to support is incorrect and should not be ordered;
- $((\frac{b}{b}))$ (c) An alleged father or mother, if she is also the custodial parent, may request that a blood or genetic test be administered to determine whether such test would exclude him from being a natural parent and, if not excluded, may subsequently request that the division of child support initiate an action in superior court to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship; and
- $((\langle c \rangle))$ (d) If neither the alleged father nor the custodial parent requests that a blood or genetic test be administered or $((file \{files\}))$ files an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of parental responsibility shall become final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630 that the parent-child relationship does not exist.
- (2) An alleged father or custodial parent who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt, the amount of the current and future support obligation, and the reimbursement of the costs of blood or genetic tests if advanced by the department. A custodian who is not the parent of a child and who has physical custody

of a child has the same notice and hearing rights that a custodial parent has under this section.

- (3) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department. If no application is filed within twenty days:
- (a) The amounts in the notice shall become final and the debt created therein shall be subject to collection action; and
- (b) Any amounts so collected shall neither be refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.
- (4) An alleged father or the mother, if she is also the custodial parent, may request that a blood or genetic test be administered at any time. The request for testing shall be in writing, or as the department may specify by rule, and served on the division of child support. If a request for testing is made, the department shall arrange for the test and, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, may advance the cost of such testing. The department shall mail a copy of the test results by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the alleged father's and mother's, if she is also the custodial parent, last known address.
- (5) If the test excludes the alleged father from being a natural parent, the division of child support shall file a copy of the results with the state registrar of vital statistics and shall dismiss any pending administrative collection proceedings based upon the affidavit in issue. The state registrar of vital statistics shall remove the alleged father's name from the birth certificate and change the child's surname to be the same as the mother's maiden name as stated on the birth certificate, or any other name which the mother may select.
- (6) The alleged father or mother, if she is also the custodial parent, may, within twenty days after the date of receipt of the test results, request the division of child support to initiate an action under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630 to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship. If the division of child support initiates a superior court action at the request of the alleged father or mother and the decision of the court is that the alleged father is a natural parent, the parent who requested the test shall be liable for court costs incurred.

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(7) If the alleged father or mother, if she is also the custodial parent, does not request the division of child support to initiate a superior court action, or fails to appear and cooperate with blood or genetic testing, the notice of parental responsibility shall become final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630.

- (8)(a) Subsections (1) through (7) of this section do not apply to acknowledgments of paternity filed with the state registrar of vital statistics after July 1, 1997.
- (b) If an acknowledged father has signed an acknowledgment of paternity that has been filed with the state registrar of vital statistics after July 1, 1997:
- (i) The division of child support may serve a notice and finding of financial responsibility under RCW 74.20A.055 based on the acknowledgment. The division of child support shall attach a copy of the acknowledgment or certification of the birth record information advising of the existence of a filed acknowledgment of paternity to the notice;
- (ii) The notice shall include a statement that the acknowledged father or any other signatory may commence a proceeding in court to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment or denial of paternity under RCW 26.26.330 and 26.26.335; ((and))
- (iii) A statement that either or both parents are responsible for providing health insurance for his or her child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to the parent through employment or is union-related as provided under RCW 26.09.105; and
- (iv) The party commencing the action to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment or denial must serve notice on the division of child support and the office of the prosecuting attorney in the county in which the proceeding is commenced. Commencement of a proceeding to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment or denial stays the establishment of the notice and finding of financial responsibility, if the notice has not yet become a final order.
- (c) If neither the ((alleged)) acknowledged father nor the other party to the notice files an application for an adjudicative proceeding or the signatories to the acknowledgment or denial do not commence a

- proceeding to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment of paternity, the 1 amount of support stated in the notice and finding of financial 2 responsibility becomes final, subject only to a subsequent 3 determination under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630 that the parent-4 child relationship does not exist. The division of child support does 5 not refund nor return any amounts collected under a notice that becomes 6 7 final under this section or RCW 74.20A.055, even if a court later determines that the acknowledgment is void. 8
 - (d) An acknowledged father or other party to the notice who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt and the amount of the current and future support obligation.
 - (i) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department.
 - (ii) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is not filed within twenty days of the service of the notice, any amounts collected under the notice shall be neither refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.
 - (e) If neither the ((alleged)) acknowledged father nor the custodial parent requests an adjudicative proceeding, or if no timely action is brought to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment or denial after service of the notice, the notice of financial responsibility becomes final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630.
- 33 (9) Acknowledgments of paternity that are filed after July 1, 1997, 34 are subject to requirements of chapters 26.26, the uniform parentage 35 act, and 70.58 RCW.
- 36 (10) The department and the department of health may adopt rules to 37 implement the requirements under this section.

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- 1 (11) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules
 2 consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as
 3 amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005.
 4 Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement
 5 regulations required under parts 45 C.F.R. 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed by the Senate March 8, 2007. Passed by the House April 9, 2007. Approved by the Governor April 20, 2007. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 20, 2007.